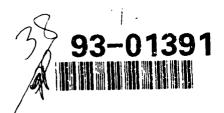
- AD-A260 116



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

REPORT NO. 92-R-01 AFPEA PROJECT NO. 92-P-117

Caroline J. Buckey
Mechanical Engineer
Defense Switching Network 787-4519
Commercial (513) 257-4519





QUALIFICATION TESTING OF CORRUGATED HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE CONTAINERS

HQ AFMC/LGTP
AIR FORCE PACKAGING EVALUATION ACTIVITY
Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5999
October 1992

93 1 26 008

When government drawings, specifications, or other data are used for any purpose other than in connection with a definitely related government procurement operation, the United States Government thereby incurs no responsibility whatsoever, and the fact that the government may have formulated, furnished, or in any way supplied the said drawings, specifications, or other data, is not to be regarded by implication or otherwise as in any manner licensing the holder or any other person or corporation or conveying any rights or permission to manufacture use or sell any patented invention that may in any way be related thereto. This report is not to be used in whole or part for advertising or sales purposes.

ABSTRACT

In November 1991, Oklahoma City Air Logistics Center (OC-ALC) requested the Air Force Packaging Evaluation Activity (AFPEA) evaluate a new concept of a heavy corrugated high-density polyethylene material as an alternative to wood material for PPP-B-601 containers. This material is waterproof and could save in weight upon deployment.

AFPEA performed testing in February 1992 on three different sizes of the plastic corrugated containers. All three passed the Level B rough handling and vibration tests, and with some modification, the containers passed the superimposed load test. AFPEA recommends the container as an alternative to PPP-B-601 boxes with the changes listed in the recommendations.

Accession For

			ication
Caroline Buckey	PUBLICATION DATE: 8 OCT 1992		oution / Availability Codes
Mechanical Engineer AFPEA		Dist	Avail and/or Special
REVIEWED BY:	APPROVED BY:	A-1	
Larry Wood Materials Branch AFPEA	Charlie P. Edmonson Chief, AF Packaging Evaluation Activity	Ī	

NTIS CRA&I

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Page</u>
ABSTRACTi
TABLE OF CONTENTSii
INTRODUCTION1
BACKGROUND1
PURPOSE1
DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONTAINER
TEST OUTLINE AND TEST EQUIPMENT1
TEST PROCEDURES AND RESULTS2
TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER2
THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER
FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER4
CONCLUSION5
RECOMMENDATIONS6
APPENDIX A - TEST PLAN TABLES8
TABLE 1 - TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER TEST PLAN9
TABLE 2 - THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER TEST PLAN11
TABLE 3 - FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER TEST PLAN
APPENDIX B - TEST PHOTOGRAPHS, FIGURES 1-2015
FIGURE 1 - THE THREE CONTAINER SIZES16
FIGURE 2 - CORNER DROP (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)17
FIGURE 3 - EDGE DROP (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)17
FIGURE 4 - PENDULUM IMPACT (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)18
FIGURE 5 - SUPERIMPOSED LOAD BENDING (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)18
FIGURE 6 - CORNER DROP (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)19

CONTAINER)19
FIGURE 8 - PENDULUM IMPACT (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)20
FIGURE 9 - SOME CHIPPING OF SKID (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)20
FIGURE 10 - VIBRATION (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)21
FIGURE 11 - SUPERIMPOSED LOAD BENDING (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER'S LOAD HAD FALLEN ON THE THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)22
FIGURE 12 - SUPERIMPOSED LOAD SEVERE BUCKLING (FOUR-FOOT CUBED CONTAINER INTERFERING WITH THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)23
FIGURE 13 - CORNER DROP (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)24
FIGURE 14 - EDGE DROP (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)24
FIGURE 15 - PENDULUM IMPACT (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)25
FIGURE 16 - SEVERE BUCKLING (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)26
FIGURE 17 - FIVE INCH DEFLECTION (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)27
FIGURE 18 - PASSING SUPERIMPOSED LOAD (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)28
FIGURE 19 - STRAPS CAUGHT ON FORKLIFT28
FIGURE 20 - CONTAINER WITH CORNERPOSTS29
DISTRIBUTION LIST.

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND: Oklahoma City Air Logistics Center/DSTD, Tinker AFB, Oklahoma requested assistance from the Air Force Packaging Evaluation Activity (AFPEA), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio to investigate, evaluate, and test plastic corrugated containers as an alternative to PPP-B-601 constructed boxes, "Boxes, Wood, Cleated Plywood". The new containers consist of heavy corrugated high-density-polyethylene material. The material could save in weight because the plastic corrugated material is lighter than its cleated plywood counterpart.

<u>PURPOSE</u>: The purpose of this project is to investigate, evaluate and test the corrugated plastic containers for use by the military for Level B shipment.

DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONTAINERS

Three sizes of containers were tested. A 2-foot-cubed size, a 3-foot-cubed size, and a 4-foot-cubed size (See Figure 1). container material consists of 2500 pound per square inch (tensile strength) high-density polyethylene corrugated. polyethylene material makes this container waterproof and more lightweight than its wooden counterpart. A machine is used to bend the corrugated board. The machine uses heat, pressure and time to bend the board. The container base is constructed similar to a fiberboard box (PPP-B-636) but using the plastic corrugated material. The container lid is a cap also constructed of corrugated material. The container uses plastic banding to secure its contents. Square tubular high-density polyethylene cornerposts help with stacking strength. The original design did not include cornerposts, but because the original design failed during the superimposed load test, the manufacturer redesigned the containers to include cornerposts.

TEST OUTLINE AND TEST EQUIPMENT

Test Plan: Tests were conducted in accordance with AFPEA Test Plan 91-P-120 (see Appendix A). The tests were developed to evaluate the structural integrity of the containers needed for Level B shipment. Test methods, procedures and pass/fail criteria were in accordance with Federal Test Method Standard 101.

Test Loads: The test loads were sand-filled fiberboard boxes. The test weight for the four-foot-cubed container was 750 pounds. The test weight for the three-foot-cubed container was 500 pounds. The test weight for the two-foot-cubed container was 250 pounds.

Test Site: All testing was conducted by the Materials Engineering Branch of AFPEA, HQ AFMC/LGTP, Building 70, Area C, Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433-5999.

TEST PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER

Cornerwise-Drop Test

<u>Test No. 1</u>: The cornerwise-drop (rotational) test was performed in accordance with Method 5005.1 of FTMS 101. The drop height was 24 inches (see Figure 2).

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Edgewise-Drop Test

<u>Test No. 2</u>: The edgewise-drop test was performed in accordance with Method 5008.1 of FTMS 101. The drop height was 24 inches (see Figure 3).

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Pendulum Impact Test

<u>Test No. 3:</u> The pendulum impact test was performed in accordance with Method 5012 of FTMS 101. The impact velocity was 7 feet per second and the corresponding drop height was 9 inches (See Figure 4).

Results: Visual inspection revealed slight twisting of the skids.

Repetitive Shock Test

<u>Test No. 4</u>: The repetitive shock test was performed in accordance with Method 5019.1 of FTMS 101. Vibrated container at one inch double amplitude for two hours. A 1/16 inch maximum clearance was maintained at a frequency of 4.5 ± 0.2 Hz.

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Superimposed Load Test

Test No. 5: The superimposed load test was conducted in accordance with Method 5016.1 of FTMS 101. A load of 1946 pounds (determined from a 16-foot warehouse stack) was placed on top of a skid base simulating the skid of the test container. The skid base and its load were placed on top of the test container and left for 168 hours in a chamber at 120°F and 90% Relative

Humidity. The higher temperature and humidity are required because of the plastic material.

<u>Results</u>: The test was stopped when the test engineer observed that the load had fallen off. The container was buckled on edges 1-8 and 6-7. The load fell on the 3-foot-cubed container (see Figure 5).

Note: The manufacturer redesigned the container after this test (5A). They added square tubular high-density polyethylene corner posts. Following are the results of the second superimposed load test (5B).

Results 5B: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER

Cornerwise-Drop Test

Test No. 1: The cornerwise-drop (rotational) test was performed in accordance with Method 5005.1 of FTMS 101. The drop height was 21 inches (see Figure 6).

Results: Visual inspection revealed minor cracking in corner 7-8 (see Figure 7).

Edgewise-Drop Test

Test No. 2: The edgewise-drop test was performed in accordance with Method 5008.1 of FTMS 101. The drop height was 21 inches.

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Pendulum Impact Test

Test No. 3: The pendulum impact test was performed in accordance with Method 5012 of FTMS 101. The impact velocity was 7 feet per second and the corresponding drop height was 9 inches (see Figure 8).

<u>Results</u>: Visual inspection revealed minor cracking/chipping of middle skids (see Figure 9).

Repetitive Shock Test

<u>Test No. 4</u>: The repetitive shock test was performed in accordance with Method 5019.1 of FTMS 101. Vibrated container at one inch double amplitude for two hours. A 1/16 inch maximum clearance was maintained at a frequency of 4.5 ± 0.2 Hz.

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Superimposed Load Test

Test No. 5: The superimposed load test was conducted in accordance with Method 5016.1 of FTMS 101. A load of 2405 pounds (determined from a 16-foot warehouse stack) was placed on top of a skid base simulating the skid of the test container. The skid base and its load were placed on top of the test container and left for 168 hours in a chamber at 120°F and 90% Relative Humidity. The higher temperature and humidity are required because of the plastic material.

<u>Results</u>: The test was stopped when the test engineer observed the two-foot-cubed container's load had fallen on the 3-foot-cubed container and the 4-foot-cubed container's severe buckling was interfering with the 3-foot-cubed container's test also (see Figures 11 & 12).

Note: The manufacturer redesigned the container after this test (5A). They added square tubular high-density polyethylene corner posts. Following are the results of the second superimposed load test (5B).

Results 5B: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER

Cornerwise-Drop Test

<u>Test No. 1</u>: The cornerwise-drop (rotational) test was performed in accordance with Method 5005.1 of FTMS 101. The drop height was 18 inches (see Figure 13).

Results: Visual inspection revealed minor cracking in corner 1-2.

Edgewise-Drop Test

Test No. 2: The edgewise-drop test was performed in accordance with Method 5008.1 of FTMS 101. The drop height was 18 inches (see Figure 14).

Results: Visual inspection revealed minor bending on edge 4-5.

Pendulum Impact Test

Test No. 3: The pendulum impact test was performed in accordance with Method 5012 of FTMS 101. The impact velocity was 7 feet per second and the corresponding drop height was 9 inches (see Figure 15).

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Repetitive Shock Test

<u>Test No. 4</u>: The repetitive shock test was performed in accordance with Method 5019.1 of FTMS 101. Vibrated container at one inch double amplitude for two hours. A 1/16 inch maximum clearance was maintained at a frequency of 4.5 ± 0.2 Hz.

Results: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container.

Superimposed Load Test

Test No. 5A: The superimposed load test was conducted in accordance with Method 5016.1 of FTMS 101. A load of 3200 pounds (determined from a 16-foot warehouse stack) was placed on top of a skid base simulating the skid of the test container. The skid base and its load were placed on top of the test container and left for 168 hours in a chamber at 120°F and 90% Relative Humidity. The higher temperature and humidity are required because of the plastic material.

Results 5A: The test was stopped when the test engineer observed severe buckling of the container and instability of the load. Permanent deformations of the container were 5 inches in some places. Edge 6-7 had the most severe buckling. Edges 4-5 and 1-8 were the next severe. The 4-foot-cubed container was also pressing on the 3-foot-cubed container (see Figures 16 & 17).

Note: The manufacturer redesigned the container after this test (5A). They added square tubular high-density polyethylene corner posts. Following are the results of the second superimposed load test (5B).

Results 5B: Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container (See Figure 18).

CONCLUSIONS

The three sizes of containers passed the rough handling and vibration tests. The three containers failed the initial superimposed load test. The manufacturer modified the containers with high-density polyethylene cornerposts. The containers passed the subsequent superimposed load test with this modification.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. The staples in the slots of the skids make it difficult to reband and cause tearing of straps during shipment and forklift handling. Recommend no stapling or lag bolts in that area.
- 2. The forklift times get caught in banding and on edges of base causing handling problems and broken bands. Metal banding should be specified (See Figure 19). A skid redesign may also be helpful in alleviating the problem.
- 3. The low skid height makes threading shipping bands through the cross slots difficult. Forklift times can get caught in and break bands. Forklift times can slide under the container base flaps and cause container damage. Manufacturer design changes are recommended to correct these problems (See Figure 19).
- 4. High-density polyethylene cornerposts are required in the containers because of the failure of the original containers during the superimposed load test. (See Figure 20).
- 5. Hard to load/unload larger containers in the 3-foot-cubed size and the 4-foot-cubed size. Users are forced to exceed human factors specifications in lifting items in and out of containers. May cause injury to user. Recommend design change to correct problem.
- 6. With incorporation of the changes in paragraphs 1-5 above, AFPEA recommends use of this type of container for sizes of Length, Width, and Height from two feet to four feet. The smallest dimension determines maximum weight (2 foot = 250 pounds, 3 foot = 500 pounds, 4 foot = 750 pounds). WR-ALC will establish stock numbers for the three sizes of containers. Stock numbers can be assigned for additional sizes as needed. AFPEA is investigating the possibility of revising an existing specification to include the plastic corrugated containers.

7. The plastic corrugated container is waterproof and is lighter than its wooden counterpart. Following are tare weights for both types of containers:

<u>Size</u>	Plastic Weight (lb)	Wood Weight (1b)
Two-foot-cubed	40	75-100
Three-foot-cubed	82	125-150
Four-foot-cubed	115	175-200

The weight savings will be beneficial for aircraft deployment. The box will be lighter than a wooden box, and therefore, it will be easier to handle. The lightness of the container will result in fuel savings upon deployment.

- 8. An organization can use the container as an alternative to PPP-B-601 wood box for the sizes and weights previously listed. AFPEA does not recommend replacing PPP-B-601 boxes totally. The material availability of the corrugated plastic board is low. Lumber and plywood are more readily available. Also, field activities may not be able to afford the machinery and would not be able to manufacture their own boxes if the corrugated plastic boxes were their only choice.
- 9. An organization can purchase containers from a manufacturer, or an organization can purchase equipment for in-house container manufacturing if the organization determines the equipment purchase is economically feasible.

Note: Authorized personnel within DoD requiring identification of the manufacturer mentioned in this report may contact the Air Force Packaging Evaluation Activity at DSN 787-4519.

APPENDIX A

TEST PLANS

TABLES 1-3

•		(AGING EVALUATION ACT container Test Plan)	114111	91-P-1	20
1	NTAINER SIZE (L x W x C INTERIOR: EX 24 x 24 26 x	TERIOR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU . FT .)	QUANTITY 1	DATE 22 Jan 92
em na Plas	NFR NAME	MANUFA Container, (2500 psi boa	cord)	NTAINER COS	5 T
CK D HDPI Boxe	ESCRIFTION E Corrugated Cons es have sliptop, IONING	tainer assembled to PPP- wooden skids and are ba	B-636 and	tested t	o PPP-B-601
EST IO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	test TITLE AND PARAMETERS		TAINER ITATION	INSTRU- MENTATION
l. a.	ROUGH HANDLING TED-STD-101 Method 5005.1	TESTS Cornerwise-drop (rota-tional) test. Ambient Temp. Drop height 24 inches or maximum allowable with CG.	One dro each ba corner, of four	se	Visual Inspection
b.	FED-STD-101 Method 5008.1	Shock (Edgewise-drop) test. Ambient Temp. Drop height 24 inches or maximum allowable with CG.	One dro each ba edge, t four dr	se otal of	Visual Inspection
	FED-STD-101 Method 5012	Pendulum-impact test. Ambient Temp. Impact velocity 7 ft/sec, drop height 9 inches.	One imp each si each en total o impacts	de and d, f four	Visual Inspection
2.	REPETITIVE SHOOM FED-STD-101 Method 5019.1	TEST Input excitation of 1- inch double amplitude. Frequency determined by 1/16" clearance from table. Two-hour test.			Visual Inspection
		9			
	RED BY: (a deline) roline J. Buckey, Ne	APPROVED	i .	\	

	AIR FORCE PACK	AGING EVALUATION AC	TIVITY	AFPEA PRO	JECT NUMBER
•		container Test Plan)	114111	91-P-	120
	NTAINER SIZE (L x W x D INTERIOR: EXT	TERIOR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU. FT.)	QUANTITY	DATE
24 x	24 x 24 26 x 2	26 x 28 278 250	2.0	1	22 Jan 92
ITEM N	AME	MANUF	ACTURER	!	:
Plas		Container, (2500 psi boa	rd)	NTAINER CO	ost (
HDP	ESCRIPTION Confession	tainer assembled to PPP-	B-636 and	tested	to PPP-B-601
CONDIT	CONING	wooden skids and are ba	nded	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Amb		ess Otherwise Specified			
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARAMETERS		TAINER TATION	INSTRU- MENTATION
3.	SUPERIMPOSED-LO	AD TEST (Stackability wi	th Dunnage)	
		Load Container with	Normal		Visual
i		50 pounds. Stack 1946	Positio	n	Inspection
		ounds using skid system similar to the container			
!		skid system. Condition			
		168 hours at 120° F + 5° F,			
		кн.			
			ţ		
			į		
			ļ		
					1
			į		}:
l					
i	· 				
		10	i		
			!		
COMME	NTS:	<u> </u>			
	·· V				
1					
PREPA	RED BY:	APPROVE	BY:	·	
ľ					

	AIR FORCE PACK	AGING E	VALUA	TION A	CTIVI	ΤΥ		JECT NUMBER
	(0	ontainer T	est Plan)				91-P-1	20
	NTAINER SIZE (L x W x C INTERIOR: EX 36 x 36 38 x 3	(INCHES) TERIOR: 38 x 40	WEIGH GROSS: 582	T (LBS) ITEM: 500	3.0		QUANTITY 1	DATE 22 Jan 92
EM N	AME		h.——	MANU	FACTUR	ER	1	
	NER NAME stic Corrugated (Containo	. (2500	ngi bo		co	NTAINER COS	ST
ACK D	DESCRIPTION E Corrugated Conf					e and	+ostod +	- DDD-R 601
Boxe	es have sliptop, Toning							
	ient Testing Unl	ess Othei	rwise Sp	ecified	l			
EST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S		TLE AND PA				TAINER ITATION	INSTRU- MENTATION
1	DOUGH HANDITNG	nreme						
1. a.	ROUGH HANDLING TED-STD-101	Cornerw	ise-drop			ne dro	•	Visual
	Method 5005.1	inches o	test. A Drop hei or maxim le with	ght 21 um	c		se total drops.	Inspection
b.	FED-STD-101 Method 5008.1	test. Drop he:	ight 21 mum allo	Temp. inches	6	One dro each ba edge, t four dr	se otal of	Visual Inspection
c.	FED-STD-101 Method 5012	Ambient velocity	n-impact Temp. y 7 ft/s 9 inches	Impact ec, dro	p e		ffour	Visual Inspection
2.	REPETITIVE SHOC	K TEST						
	FED-STD-101 Method 5019.1	Input exinch down Frequence 1/16" c.	xcitatio uble amp cy deter learance Two-hour	litude. mined b from				Visual Inspection
			1	11				
 _								
OMME	ENTS:		·					
REPA	RED BY:	1 R	hall	APPROVI	ED BY:	=		-
Car	oline J. Buckey, Me	chanical E	ngineer	Larr	y A. W	ood, Mat	terials Eng	gineering

	AIR FORCE PA	ACKAGING (Container		ON A	CTIVIT	Υ	AFPEA PRO	JECT NUMBER .20
	NTAINER SIZE (L x) INTERIOR:	FYTERIOR.	WEIGHT GROSS:	(LBS)	CUBE (CU. FT.)	QUANTITY	DATE
36 x	36 x 36 38	x 38 x 40	582	500	3.0		1	22 Jan 92
EM N				MANU	FACTURE	R	4	
Plas	NER NAME stic Corrugat		-	_	•		NTAINER CO	
HDP1	ESCRIPTION E Corrugated es have slipt	Container a	ssembled	to PPF	P-B-63	6 and	tested t	o PPP-B-601
ONDIT	IONING		, -		·			
	ient Testing REF STD/SPEC	Unless Othe	rwise Spe	cified	1 _T .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 -
NO.	AND TEST METHOD PROCEDURE NO'S		ITLE AND PAR	AMETERS			TAINER ITATION	INSTRU- MENTATION
3.	SUPERIMPOSED	-LOAD TEST	(Stackabi	lity w			<u>:)</u>	
	FED-STD-101		tainer wi		i i	ormal		Visual
Ì	Method 5016.		ds. Stack	2405		ositic	n	Inspection
		pounas u	sing skid to the co	syste	em			
			tem. Con					
		168 hour	s at 1200	F +50F	7. 90%			
		RH.						
								i
								1
İ								
į								
		1			!			
		İ						
			12	2				
OMME	NTS.				i		********	1
√mmE	M 1 3,							
REPAI	RED BY:	· - · · - · · · · · · · · · ·	.	APPROV	ED BY:			-
••								

SIZE (L x W x E E EX' 48 49 X E orrugated ON ugated Con e sliptop, esting Unl STD/SPEC ST METHOD OR EDURE NO'S	TERIOR: GROSS: 49 x 52 865 7 Container, (2500 ptainer assembled to wooden skids and ess Otherwise Spec	MANUFACT DSI board TO PPP-B- are band Cified METERS (rota- pient nt 18 n G. drop) emp. nches	One droeach bacorner of four	tested to take	ur e
orrugated on ugated Con e sliptop, esting Unl std/spec st Method or EDURE NO's HANDLING TD-101 d 5005.1	tainer assembled to wooden skids and ess Otherwise Special TEST TITLE AND PARA TESTS Cornerwise-drop tional) test. Ambient Temp. Drop height inches or maximum allowable with Contract Cornerwise test. Ambient Temp. Drop height 18 in or maximum allowable with cornerwise test.	osi board to PPP-B- are band Cified METERS (rota- pient nt 18 n G. drop) emp. nches	One droeach bacorner of four	TAINER NTATION op on ase, total r drops. op on ase total of	INSTRU- MENTATION Visual Inspection
on ugated Con e sliptop, esting Unl stD/spec st METHOD OR EDURE NO'S HANDLING TD-101 d 5005.1	tainer assembled to wooden skids and ess Otherwise Special TEST TITLE AND PARA TESTS Cornerwise-drop tional) test. Ambient Temp. Drop height inches or maximum allowable with Contract Cornerwise test. Ambient Temp. Drop height 18 in or maximum allowable with cornerwise test.	co PPP-B- are band cified METERS (rota- pient nt 18 n G. drop) emp. nches	One droeach baced of four	TAINER NTATION op on ase, total r drops. op on ase total of	INSTRU- MENTATION Visual Inspection
STD/SPEC ST METHOD OR EDURE NO'S HANDLING TD-101 dd 5005.1	TEST TITLE AND PARA TESTS Cornerwise-drop (tional) test. Amm Temp. Drop heigh inches or maximum allowable with Co Shock (Edgewise-co test. Ambient Te Drop height 18 in or maximum allowa	(rota- pient nt 18 m G. drop) emp. nches	One dro	op on ase op on ase op on ase total of	Visual Inspection
HANDLING TD-101 d 5005.1	TESTS Cornerwise-drop (tional) test. Amb Temp. Drop heigh inches or maximum allowable with Co Shock (Edgewise-c test. Ambient Te Drop height 18 in	(rota- pient nt 18 n G. drop) emp. nches	One dro	op on ase op on ase op on ase total of	Visual Inspection
TD-101 d 5005.1 TD-101	Cornerwise-drop (tional) test. Amb Temp. Drop heigh inches or maximum allowable with Co Shock (Edgewise-ottest. Ambient Te Drop height 18 in or maximum allowa	oient nt 18 n G. drop) emp. nches	each bacorner of four	ase, total r drops. op on ase total of	Inspection
TD-101 d 5005.1 TD-101	Cornerwise-drop (tional) test. Amb Temp. Drop heigh inches or maximum allowable with Co Shock (Edgewise-ottest. Ambient Te Drop height 18 in or maximum allowa	oient nt 18 n G. drop) emp. nches	each bacorner of four	ase, total r drops. op on ase total of	Inspection
	test. Ambient Te Drop height 18 in or maximum allowe	emp. nches	each ba	ase total of	
	1		One drop on each base edge, total of four drops.		
TD-101 od 5012	Pendulum-impact t Ambient Temp. In velocity 7 ft/sec height 9 inches.	npact	each si	of four	Visual Inspection
CITIVE SHOOT STD-101 od 5019.1	Input excitation inch double ampl: Frequency determined 1/16" clearance	itude. ined by from			Visual Inspection
	13				
		inch double amplifrequency determination of the control of the con		inch double amplitude. Frequency determined by 1/16" clearance from table. Two-hour test.	inch double amplitude. Frequency determined by 1/16" clearance from table. Two-hour test.

	AIR FORCE PACK	AGING EVALUATION ACT	TIVITY	AFPEA PROJ	ECT NUMBER			
•		Container Test Plan)	114111	91-P-1	20			
	NTAINER SIZE (L x W x C INTERIOR: EX	TERIOR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU. FT.)	QUANTITY	DATE			
47 x	47 x 48 49 x	49 x 52 865 750	4.0	1	22 Jan 92			
ITEM N	TEM NAME MANUFACTURER							
	NER NAME	Container, (2500 psi boa		NTAINER COS	T .			
	ESCRIPTION	container, (2500 psi boa	Ιαί					
HDP	E Corrugated Con	tainer assembled to PPP-	B-636 and	tested t	o PPP-B-601			
BOX	es have sliptop, HONING	wooden skids and are ba	nded					
Amb		ess Otherwise Specified	ı					
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARAMETERS	1	TATION	INSTRU- MENTATION			
	-	-						
3.		<u>AD TEST (Stackability wi</u> Load Container with	th <u>Dunnage</u> Normal	ī)	Visual			
	ė	750 pounds. Stack 3200	Positio	ın	Inspection			
		pounds using skid system	1		inspection.			
		similar to the container	,		1			
		skid system. Condition 168 hours at $120^{\circ}F \pm 5^{\circ}F$,	ior ans					
		RH.	308					
			}					
			i					
)			
					:			
					; !			
	,							
		14						
		14	į Į					
		<u> </u>						
COMME	INTS:							
PREPA	RED BY:	APPROVED	BY:					

APPENDIX B

TEST PHOTOGRAPHS

FIGURES 1-19

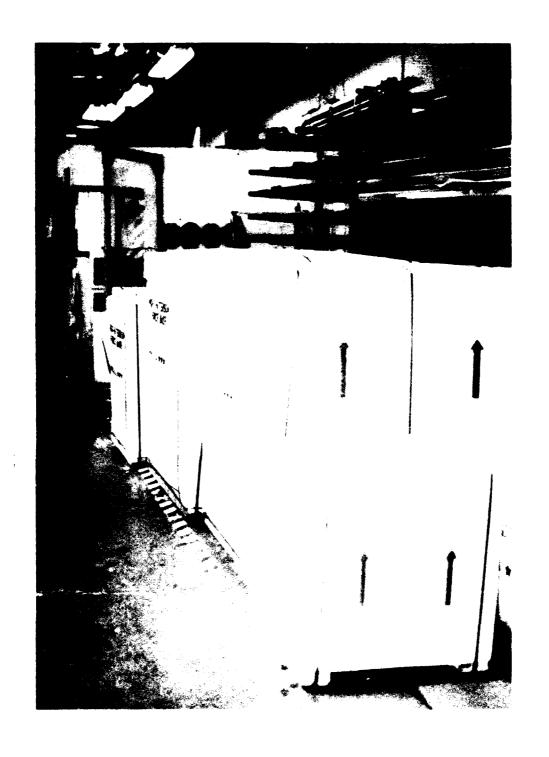


FIGURE 1 - THE THREE CONTAINER SIZES

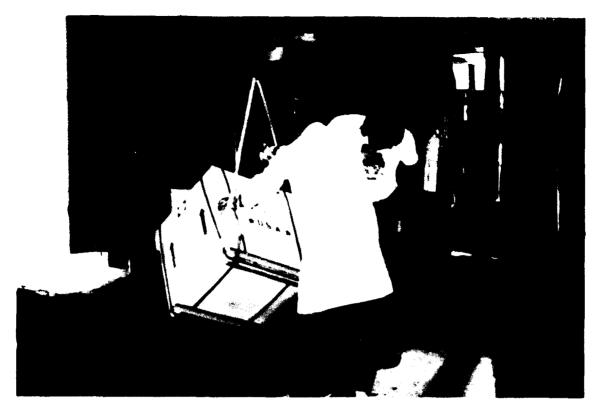


FIGURE 2 - CORNER DROP (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 3 - EDGE DROP (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

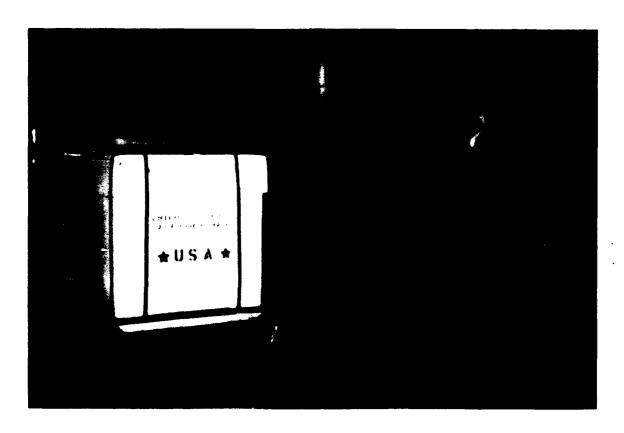


FIGURE 4 - PENDULUM IMPACT (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

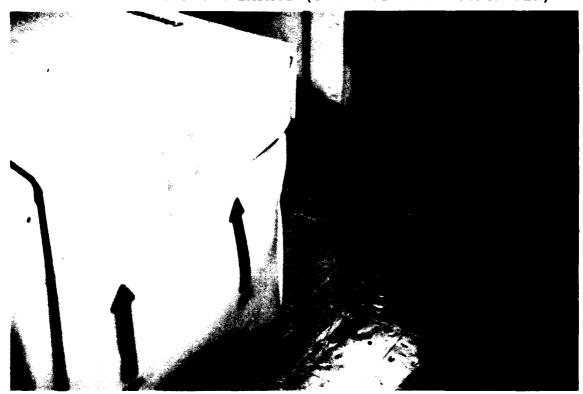


FIGURE 5 - SUPERIMPOSED LOAD BENDING (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

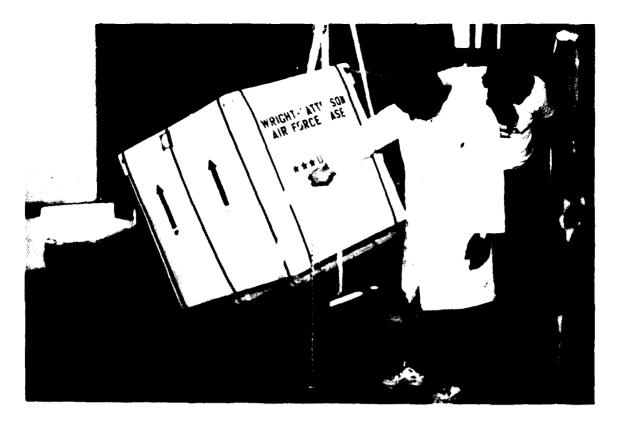


FIGURE 6 - CORNER DROP (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 7 - SLIGHT CORNER SPLITTING (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 8 - PENDULUM IMPACT (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

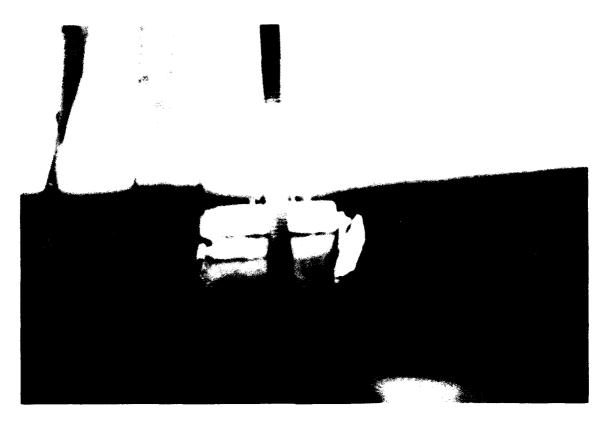


FIGURE 9 - SOME CHIPPING OF SKID (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

FIGURE 10 - VIBRATION (THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 11 - SUPERIMPOSED LOAD BENDING (TWO-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER'S LOAD HAD FALLEN ON THE THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 12 - SUPERIMPOSED LOAD SEVERE BUCKLING (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER INTERFERING WITH THREE-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

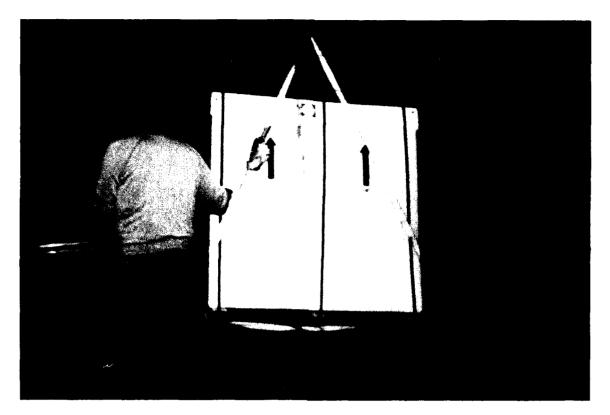


FIGURE 13 - CORNER DROP (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

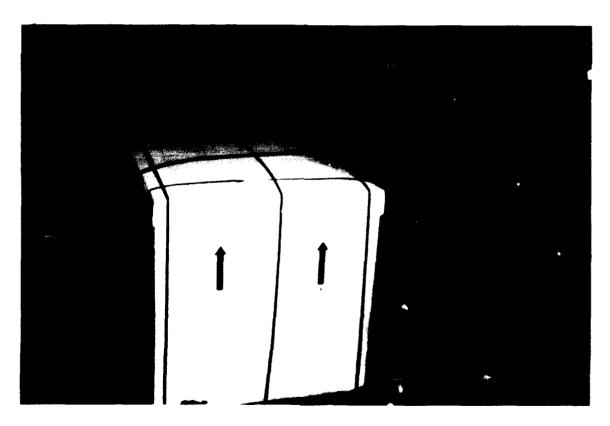


FIGURE 14 - EDGE DROP (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

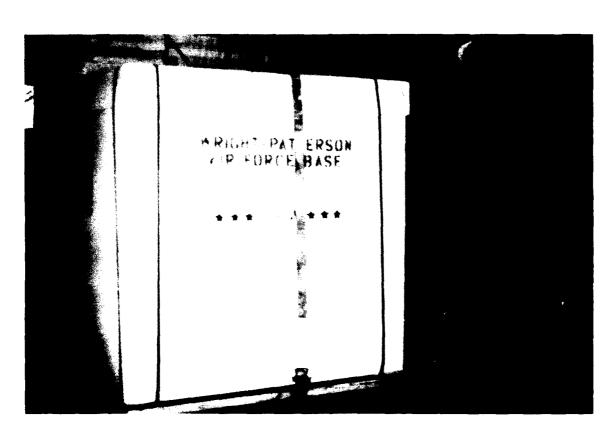


FIGURE 15 - PENDULUM IMPACT (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 16 - SEVERE BUCKLING (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

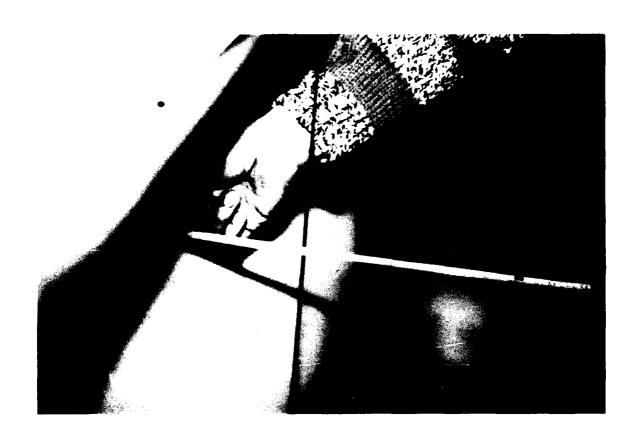


FIGURE 17 - FIVE INCH DEFLECTION (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)

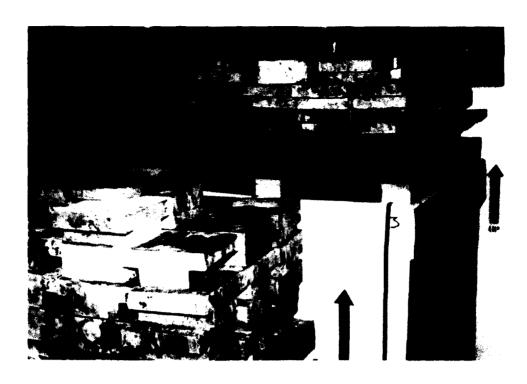


FIGURE 18 - PASSING SUPERIMPOSED LOAD (FOUR-FOOT-CUBED CONTAINER)



FIGURE 19 - STRAPS CAUGHT ON FORKLIFT

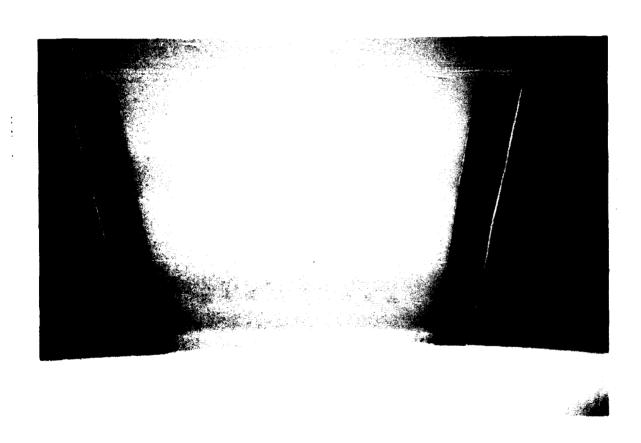


FIGURE 20 - CONTAINER WITH CORNERPOSTS

DISTRIBUTION LIST

DTIC/FDAC CAMERON STATION ALEXANDRIA VA 22304-6145	12
HQ AFMC/LG WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-5999	1
HQ AFMC/LGT WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-5999	1
HQ AFMC/LGTP (LIBRARY) WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-5999	10
HQ USAF/LGTT WASHINGTON DC 20330	1
OC-ALC/DST TINKER AFB OK 73145-5000	1
OC-ALC/DSTD TINKER AFB OK 73145-5000	1
OO-ALC/TID HILL AFB UT 84056-5000	1
OO-ALC/TIDTL HILL AFB UT 84406	1
SA-ALC/DST KELLY AFB TX 78241	1
SA-ALC/DSTD KELLY AFB TX 78241	1
SM-ALC/TID MCCLELLAN AFB CA 95652-5000	1
SM-ALC/TIDTD MCCLELLAN AFB CA 95652-5000	1
SM-ALC/TIDTL MCCLELLAN AFB CA 95652-5000	1
WR-ALC/DST ROBINS AFB GA 31098-5000	1
WR-ALC/DSTD ROBINS AFB GA 31098-5000	1

ASC/AWL WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433	1
ASC/ALXS WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433	1
ASC/YJA EGLIN AFB FL 32542	1
GSA OFFICE OF ENGINEERING MGT PACKAGING DIVISION WASHINGTON DC 20406	1
COMMANDER ATTN: N KARL (SUP 045) NAVAL SUPPLY SYSTEMS COMMAND WASHINGTON DC 20376-5000	1
COMMANDER ATTN: E PANIGOT (AIR 41212A) NAVAL AIR SYSTEMS COMMAND WASHINGTON DC 20361	1
COMMANDER ATTN: T CORBE (CODE 8218) SPACE AND NAVAL WARFARE SYSTEMS COMMAND WASHINGTON DC 20360	1
ATTN: C MANWARRING (FAC 0644) NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMAND HOFFMAN BLDG 2 ROOM 12S21 ALEXANDRIA VA 22332	1
COMMANDING OFFICER ATTN: K POLLOCK (CODE 15611K) NAVAL CONSTRUCTION BATTALION CENTER PORT HUENEME CA 93043	1
COMMANDER NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND ATTN: G MUSTIN (SEA 66P) WASHINGTON DC 20362	1
COMMANDER ATTN: F BASFORD (SEA 05M3) NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND WASHINGTON DC 20362	1

ATTN: J YANNELLO (CODE EPP-A) NAVAL AVIATION SUPPLY OFFICE 700 ROBBINS AVENUE	1
PHILADELPHIA PA 19111-5098	
NAVY SHIPS PARTS CONTROL CENTER	1
PO BOX 2020 MECHANICSBURG PA 17055-0788	
COMMANDING OFFICER ATTN: F MAGNIFICO (SESD CODE 9321) NAVAL AIR ENGINEERING CENTER LAKEHURST NJ 08733-5100	1
NAVAL WEAPONS STATION EARLE NWHC/CODE 8023	1
COLTS NECK NJ 07722-5000	•
US AMC PACKAGING STORAGE AND CONTAINERIZATION CENTER/SDSTO—TE-E 11 MIDWAY ROAD TOBYHANNA PA 18466—5097	1
DLSIE/AMXMC-D US ARMY LOGISTICS MGT CTR FT LEE VA 23801-6034	1
ATTN: Mike Ivankoe US ARMY ARDEC/SMCAR-AEP DOVER NJ 07801-5001	1
US ARMY NATICK LABS/STRNC-ES NATICK MA 01760	1
HQ AFMC/LGSH WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433	1
ASC/SDM WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433	1
ATTN: DLA-OWP DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY CAMERON STATION ALEXANDRIA VA 22304-6100	1

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT COMMAND CAMERON STATION ALEXANDRIA VA 22304-6190	1
AGMC/DSP NEWARK AFS 43057-5000	1
AMARC/DST DAVIS MONTHAN AFB AZ 85707-5000	1
2750 TRANS/DMTT WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB OH 45433-5001	1
HQ PACAF/LGTT HICKAM AFB HI 96853-5000	1
HQ USAFE/LGTT APO NEW YORK 09094-0000	1
HQ ACC/LGTT LANGLEY AFB VA 23665-5001	1
HQ AFSPACECOM/LKT PETERSON AFB CO 80914-5000	1
HQ ANGSC/LGTT ANDREWS AFB MD 20331-6008	1
HQ ATC/LGTT RANDOLPH AFB TX 78150-5001	1
AFISC/SEWV NORTON AFB CA 92409-7001	1
HQ AU/LGTT MAXWELL AFB AL 36112-5001	1
HQ AMC/XONC SCOTT AFB IL 62225-5001	1
SCHOOL OF MILITARY PACKAGING TECHNOLOGY ATSZ-MP ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND MD 21005-5001	1
HQ USMC (CPP-2) WASHINGTON DC 20380	1

ATTN: DGSC/QED DEFENSE GENERAL SUPPLY CENTER 8100 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY RICHMOND VA 23297-5000	1
ATTN: DGSC/OMAD DEFENSE GENERAL SUPPLY CENTER 8100 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY RICHMOND VA 23297-5000	1